

PHYSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES

**ON WELL-POSEDNESS OF THE CAUCHY PROBLEM  
FOR SYSTEM OF OSCILLATORS IN WEIGHTED  
SPACES**

**Bak Sergiy,**

Candidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, Associate Professor,  
Vinnytsia Mykhailo Kotsiubynskyi State Pedagogical University

**Kovtomyuk Galyna,**

Candidate of Pedagogical Sciences, Associate Professor,  
Vinnytsia Mykhailo Kotsiubynskyi State Pedagogical University

We study equations that describe the dynamics of an infinite system of linearly coupled nonlinear oscillators on a two dimensional lattice. Let  $q_{n,m} = q_{n,m}(t)$  be a generalized coordinate of the  $(n, m)$ -th oscillator at time  $t$ . It is assumed that each oscillator interacts linearly with its four nearest neighbors. The equations of motion of the system is of the form

$$\begin{aligned}\ddot{q}_{n,m} = & a_{n-1,m}q_{n-1,m} + a_{n,m}q_{n+1,m} + b_{n,m-1}q_{n,m-1} + b_{n,m}q_{n,m+1} + \\ & + c_{n,m}q_{n,m} - V'_{n,m}(q_{n,m}), \quad (n, m) \in \mathbb{Z}^2.\end{aligned}\tag{1}$$

We consider solutions of system (1) such that

$$\lim_{n, m \rightarrow \pm\infty} q_{n,m}(t) = 0,\tag{2}$$

i.e., the oscillators are at the rest at infinity.

We study the Cauchy problem for system (1) with initial conditions

$$q_{n,m}(0) = q_{n,m}^{(0)}, \quad \dot{q}_{n,m}(0) = q_{n,m}^{(1)}.\tag{3}$$

where  $q_{n,m}^{(0)}$  and  $q_{n,m}^{(1)}$  are given real sequences. System (1) naturally can be considered as an operator-differential equation, namely

$$(Aq)_{n,m} = a_{n-1,m}q_{n-1,m} + a_{n,m}q_{n+1,m} + b_{n,m-1}q_{n,m-1} + b_{n,m}q_{n,m+1} + c_{n,m}q_{n,m},\tag{4}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned}(Aq)_{n,m} = & a_{n-1,m}q_{n-1,m} + a_{n,m}q_{n+1,m} + b_{n,m-1}q_{n,m-1} + b_{n,m}q_{n,m+1} + c_{n,m}q_{n,m}, \\ (B(q))_{n,m} = & V'_{n,m}(q_{n,m}),\end{aligned}$$

in the Hilbert, or even Banach, space  $E$  of sequences. Within this framework, initial conditions (3) become

$$q(0) = q^{(0)}, \quad \dot{q}(0) = q^{(1)}.\tag{5}$$

Throughout the paper we impose the following assumptions

(i)  $\{a_{n,m}\}, \{b_{n,m}\}, \{d_{n,m}\} \subset R$  are bounded;

(ii)  $V_{n,m}(r) \in C^1(R)$ ,  $V_{n,m}(0) = V'_{n,m}(0) = 0$  and for any  $R > 0$  there exists

$C = C(R) > 0$  such that  $\forall (n,m) \in Z^2$ :

$$|V'_{n,m}(r_1) - V'_{n,m}(r_2)| \leq C|r_1 - r_2|, \quad |r_1|, |r_2| \leq R.$$

Sometimes we use the following stronger than (ii) assumption:

(ii') assumption (ii) is satisfied with the constant  $C > 0$  independent of  $R$ .

Let  $\Theta = \{\theta_{n,m}\}$  be a sequence of positive numbers (weight). We denote by  $l_\Theta^2$  the space of all two-sided sequences  $q = \{q_{n,m}\}$  of real numbers such that the norm

$$\|q\|_\Theta = \left( \sum_{(n,m) \in Z^2} \theta_{n,m} |q_{n,m}|^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

is finite. This is a Hilbert space with the scalar product

$$(q^{(1)}, q^{(2)})_\Theta = \sum_{(n,m) \in Z^2} \theta_{n,m} q_{n,m}^{(1)} q_{n,m}^{(2)}.$$

If  $\theta_{n,m} \equiv 1$ , then  $l_\Theta^2 = l^2$ .

We suppose that the weight satisfies the following assumption

(iii) the weight be a regular, i.e., the sequence  $\Theta = \{\theta_{n,m}\}$  is bounded below by a positive constant and there exists a constant  $c_0 > 0$  such that

$$c_0^{-1} \leq \frac{\theta_{n+1,m}}{\theta_{n,m}}, \quad \frac{\theta_{n,m+1}}{\theta_{n,m}} \leq c_0$$

for all  $(n,m) \in Z^2$ .

We obtain the following results.

**Theorem 1.** Assume (i), (ii') and (iii). Then for every  $q^{(0)} \in l_\Theta^2$  and  $q^{(1)} \in l_\Theta^2$  problem (1), (3) has a unique global solution  $q \in C^2(R; l_\Theta^2)$ .

**Theorem 2.** Assume (i), (ii') and (iii). Suppose that the operator  $A$  is non-positive, i.e.,  $(Aq, q) \leq 0$  for all  $q \in l^2$ . Suppose also that one of the following two conditions holds:

(a)  $V_{n,m}(r) \geq 0$  for all  $(n,m) \in Z^2$  and  $r \in R$ ;

(b) there exists a nondecreasing function  $h(\xi)$ ,  $\xi \geq 0$ , such that  $\lim_{\xi \rightarrow +\infty} h(\xi) = +\infty$  and  $V_{n,m}(r) \geq h(|r|)$  for all  $(n,m) \in Z^2$  and  $r \in R$ .

Then for every  $q^{(0)} \in l_\Theta^2$  and  $q^{(1)} \in l_\Theta^2$  problem (1), (3) has a unique global solution  $q \in C^2(R; l_\Theta^2)$ .

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